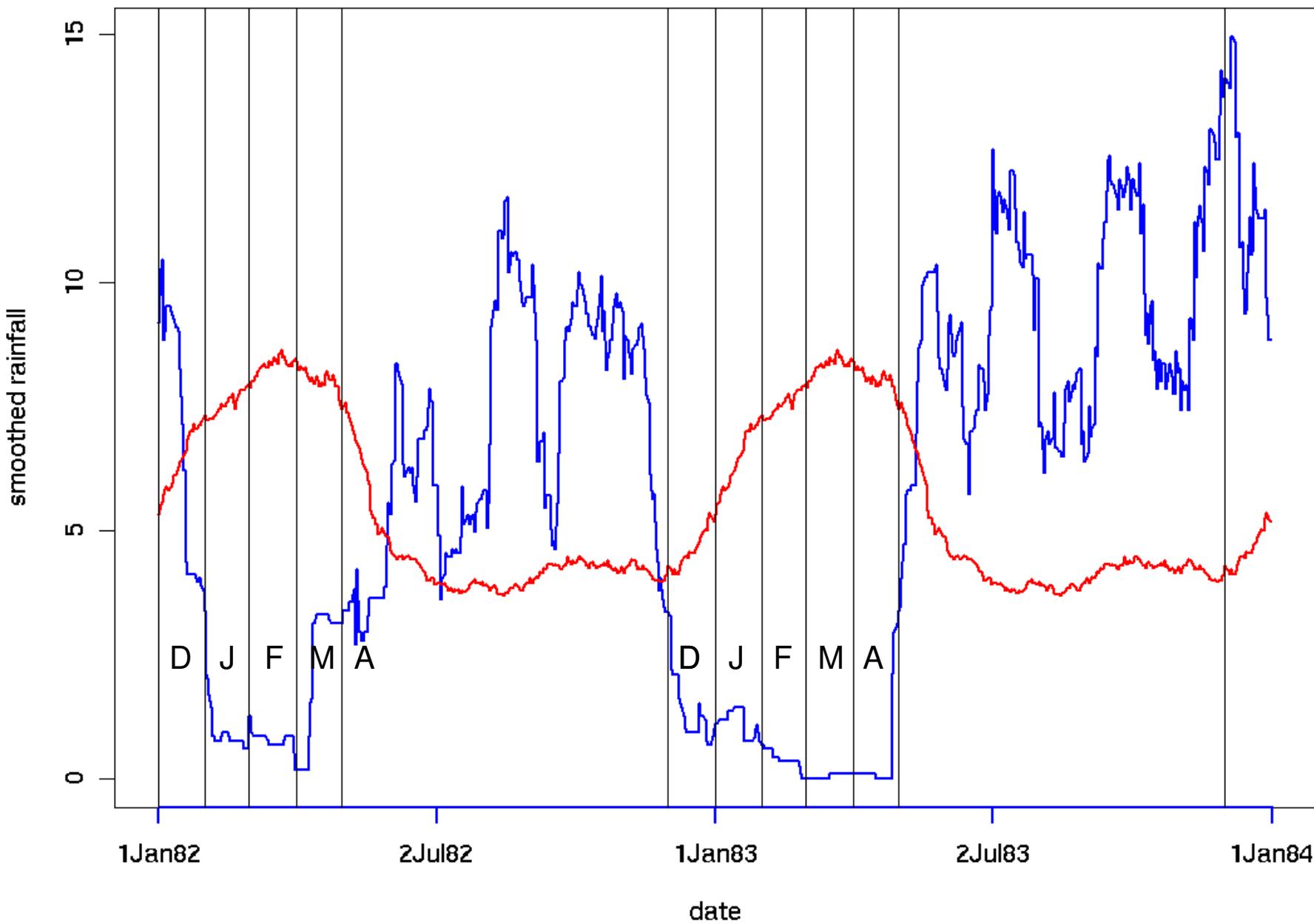


Tropical forest changes and climatic drivers

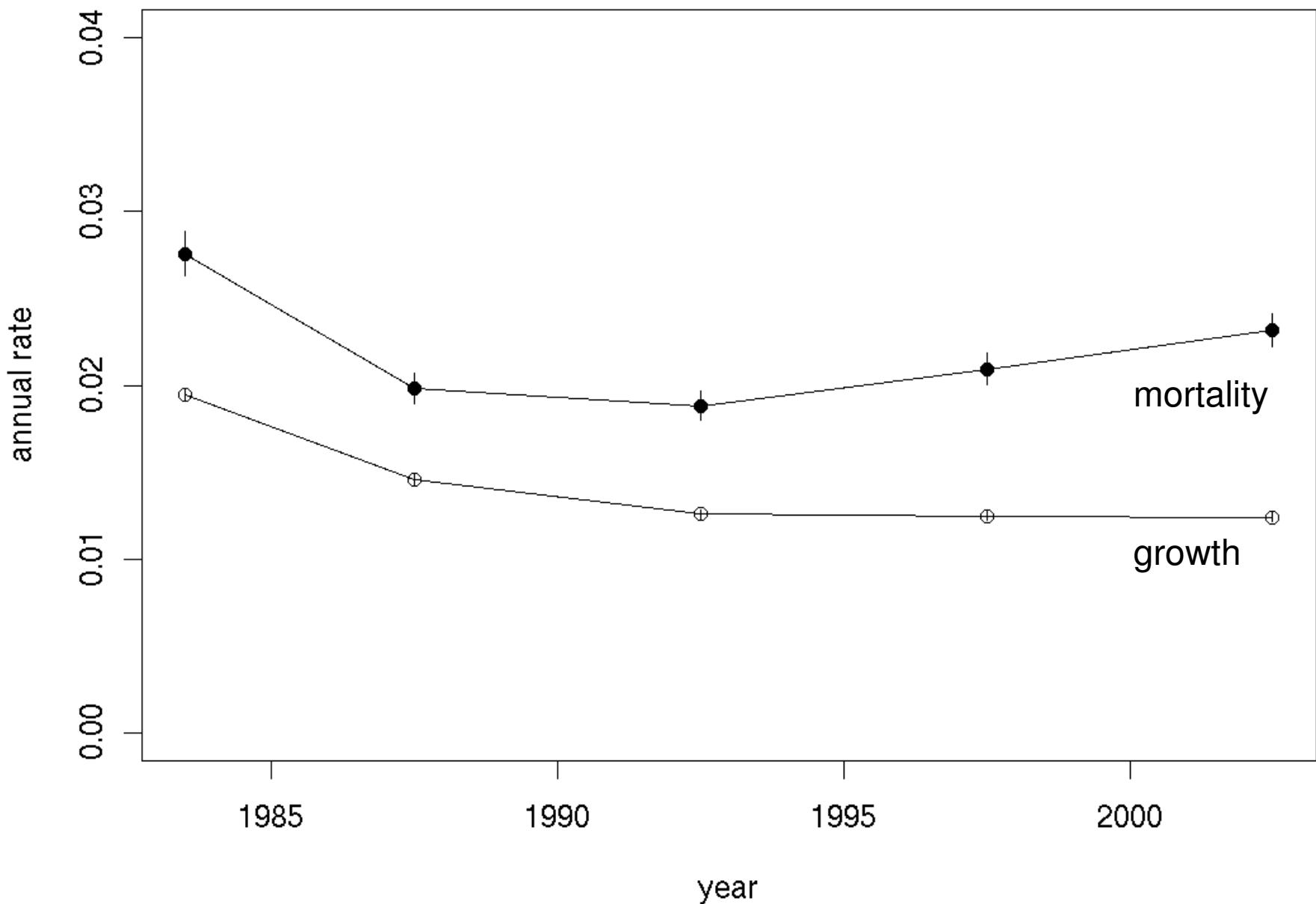
Nordforsk PhD Summer School
July-August 2008

Richard Condit
Sue & Bill Laurance
Simon Lewis

unusually severe 1983 dry season

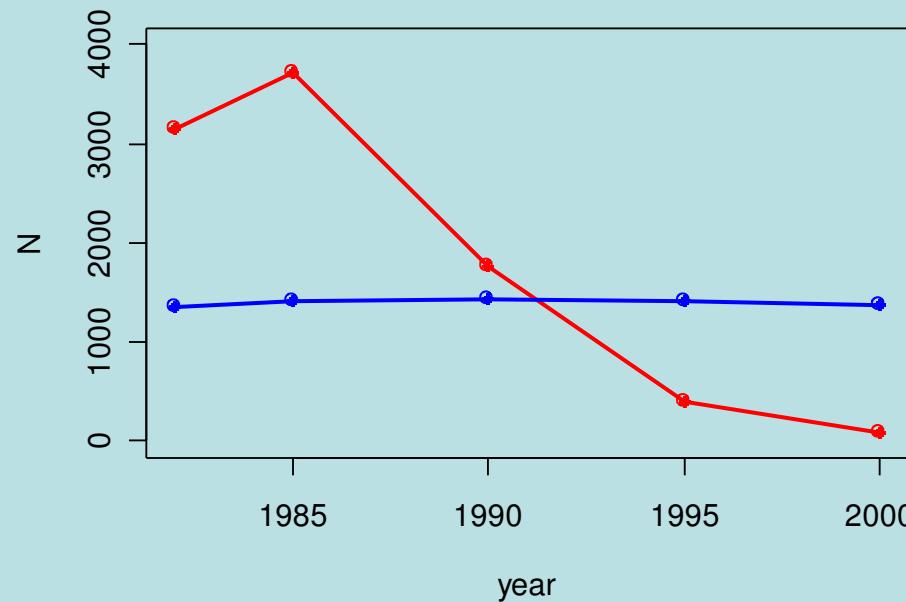


Fluctuations in Barro Colorado tree demography



Are tree populations stable through time?

- Determine how much a population would change under random drift (random mortality and recruitment)
- Estimate a community-wide distribution of rates of population change as a measure of forest stability (correcting for random change)
- Compare stability of different forests
- Compare stability of rare and common species

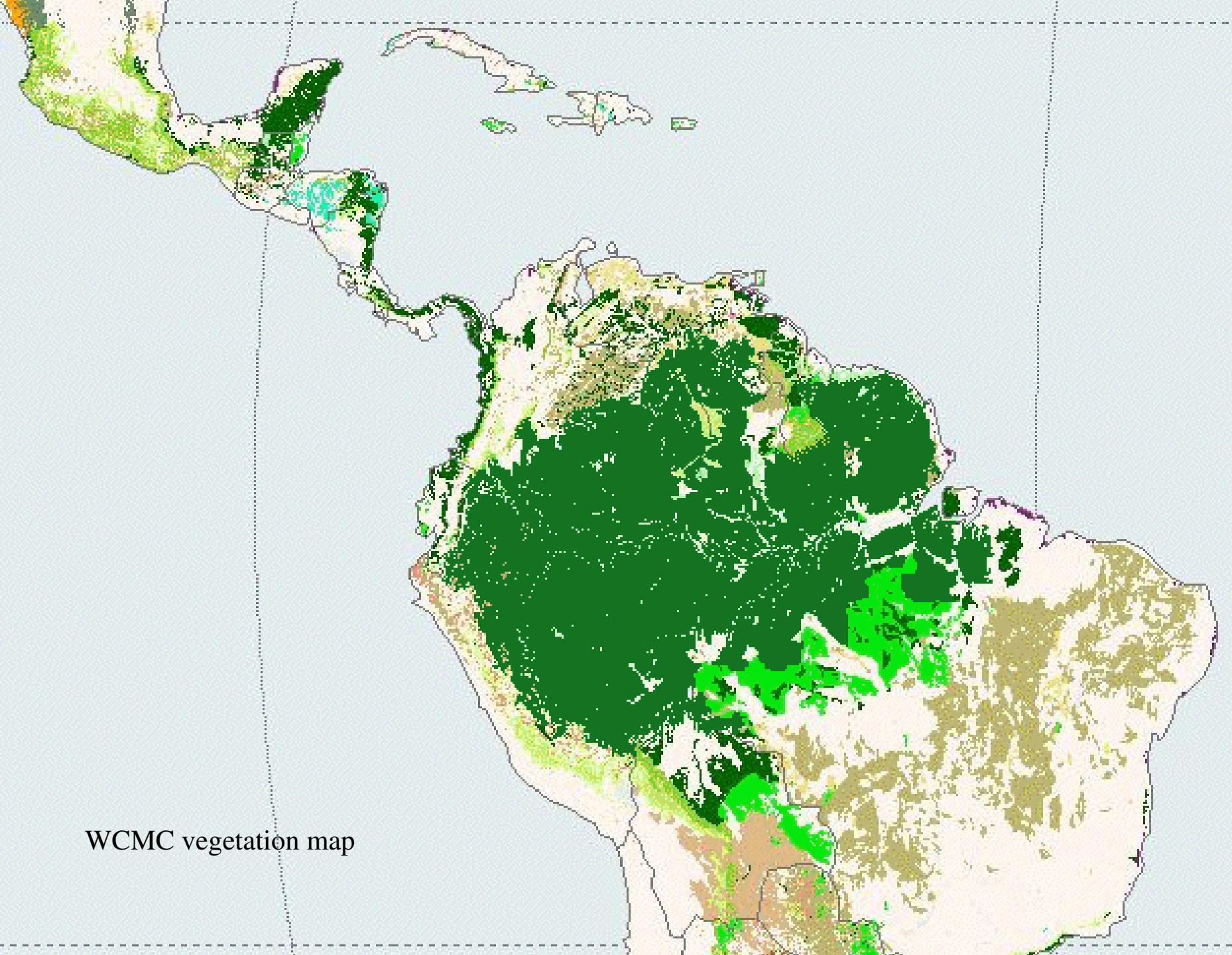


Prioria copaifera, BCI

$$\lambda = 1.001$$

Piper cordulatum, BCI

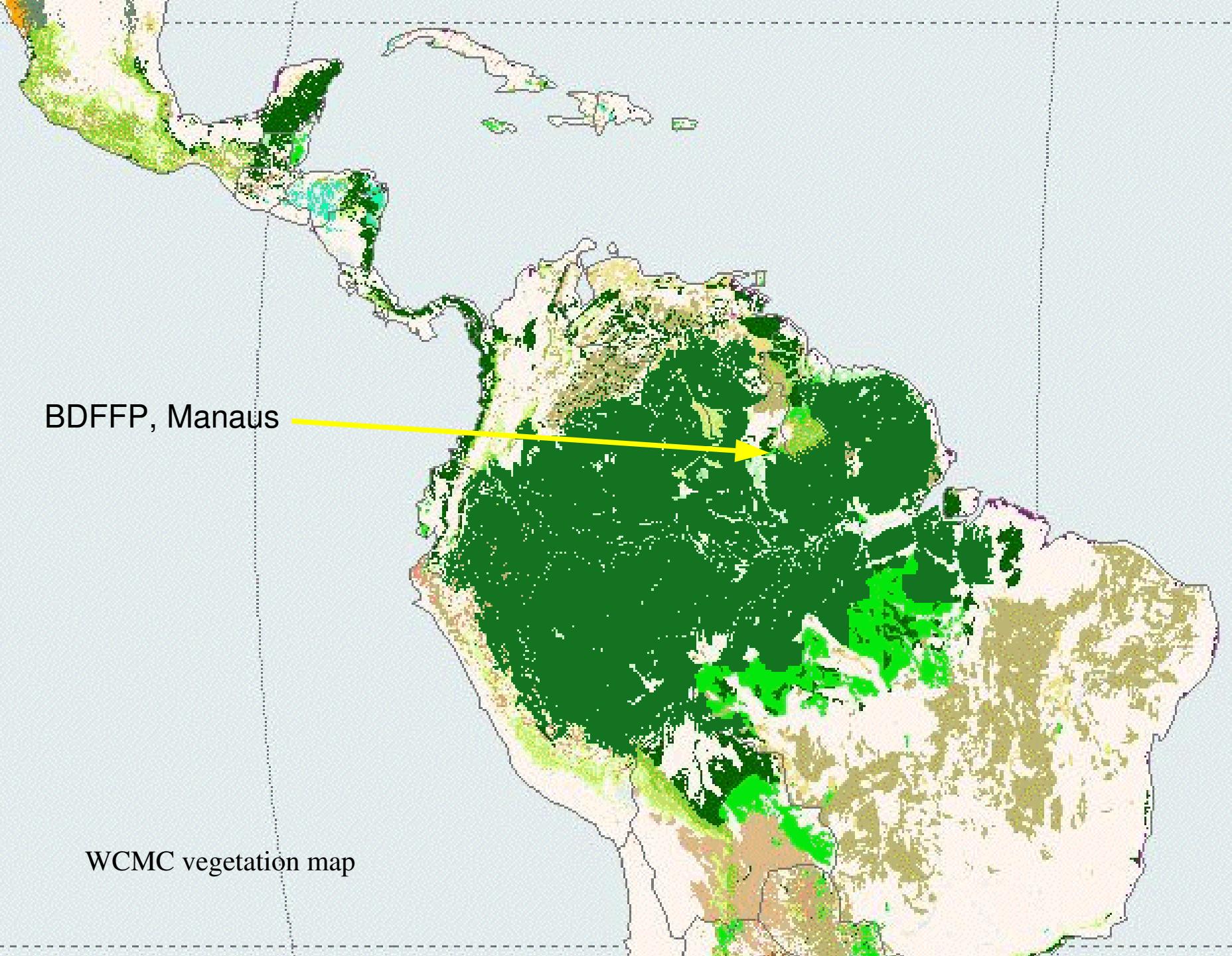
$$\lambda = 0.819$$



WCMC vegetation map

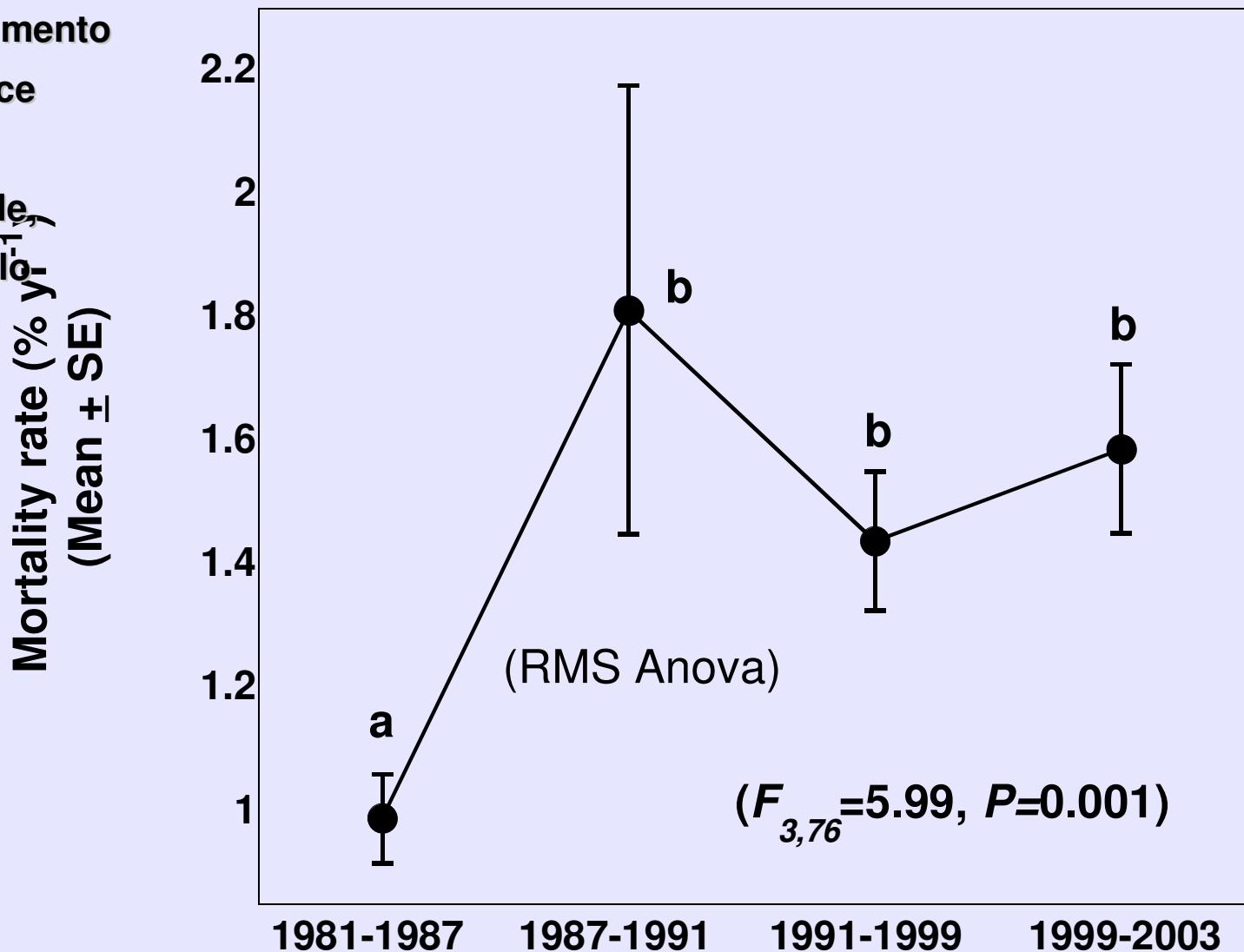
Increasing mortality and biomass in Amazon forests?

Lewis, S.L., Malhi, Y., Phillips, O.L. 2004. Fingerprinting the impacts of global change on tropical forests. Phil. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B (2004) 359, 437–462.

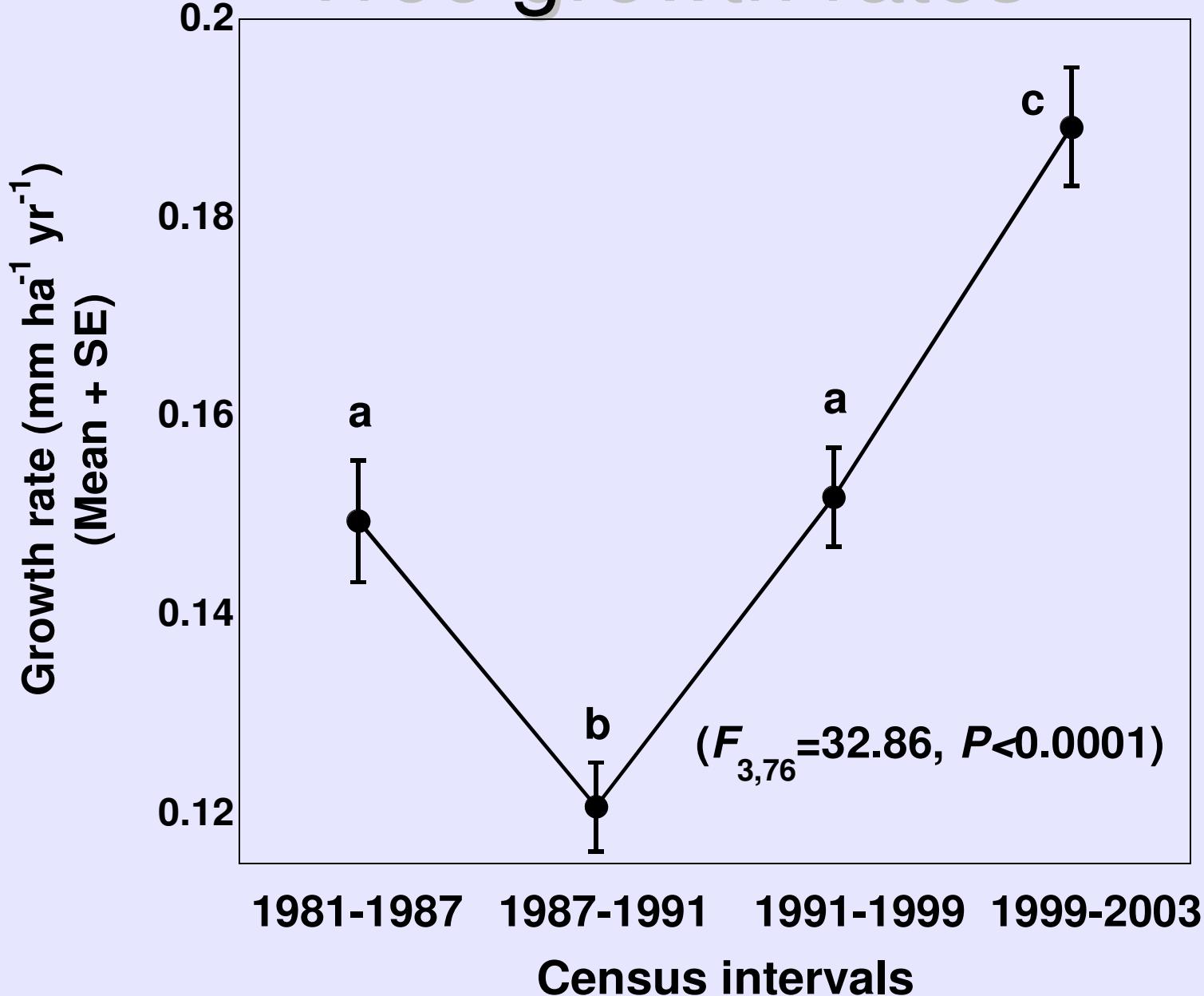


Tree mortality rates

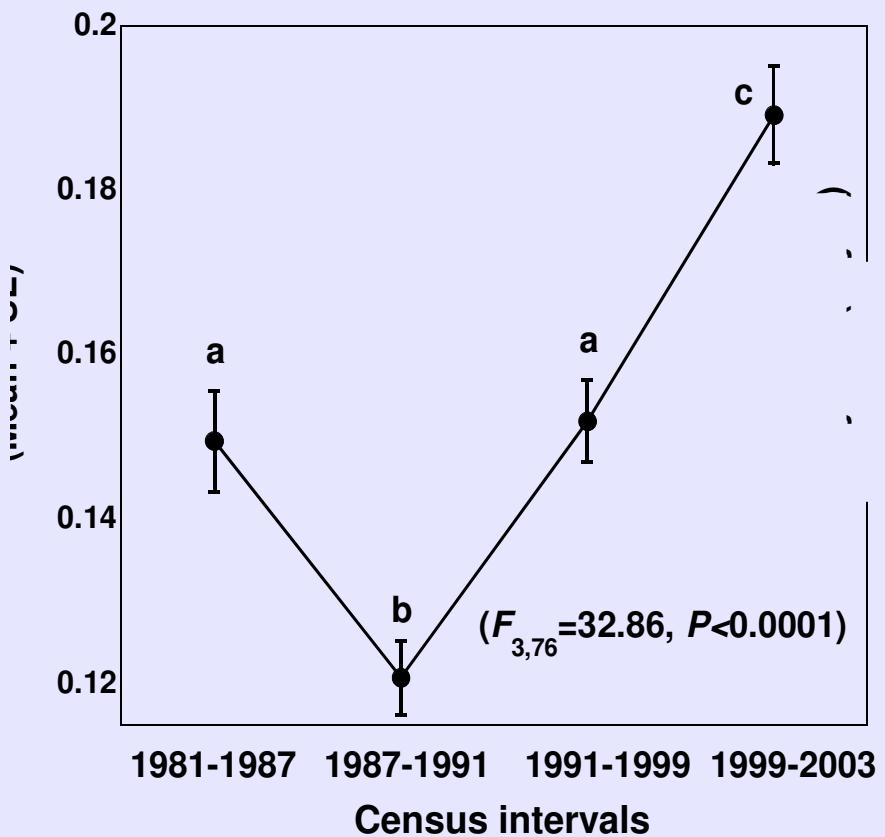
Susan G. W. Laurance
Henrique Nascimento
William Laurance
Ana Andrade
Phillip Fearnside,
Expedito Rebelló
Richard Condit



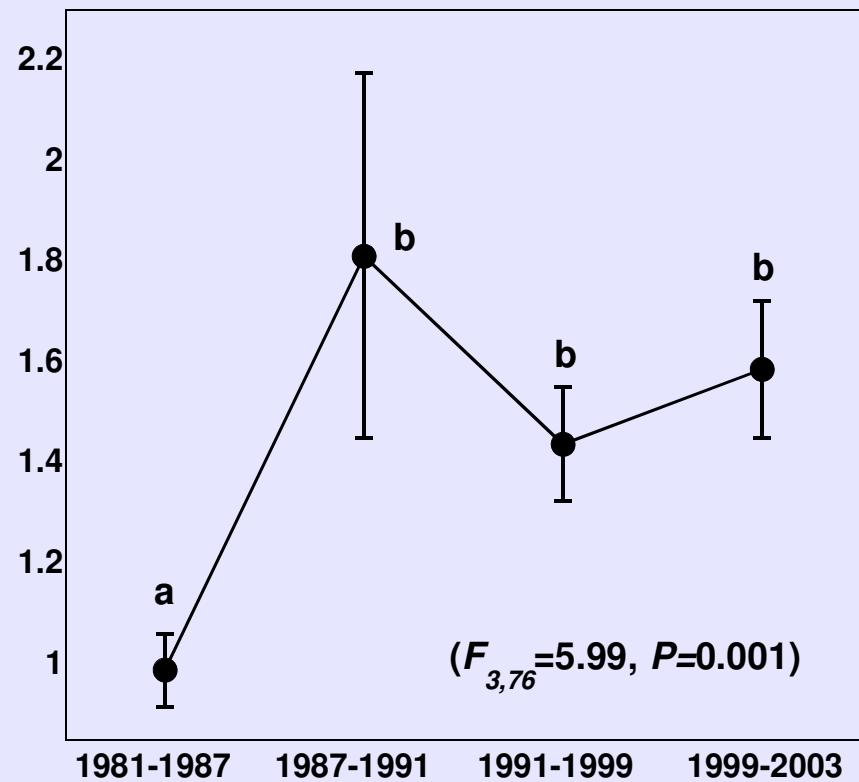
Tree growth rates



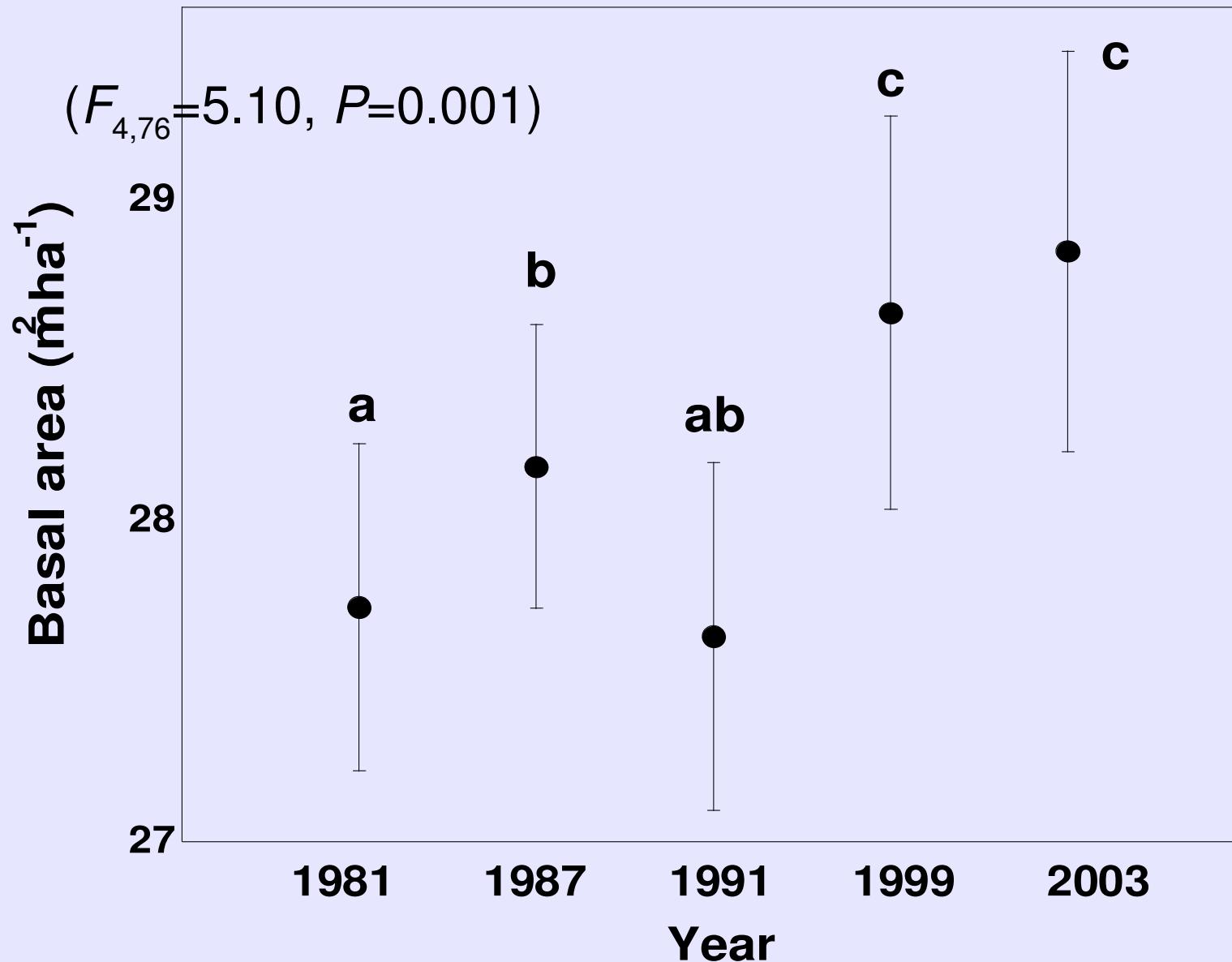
growth



mortality

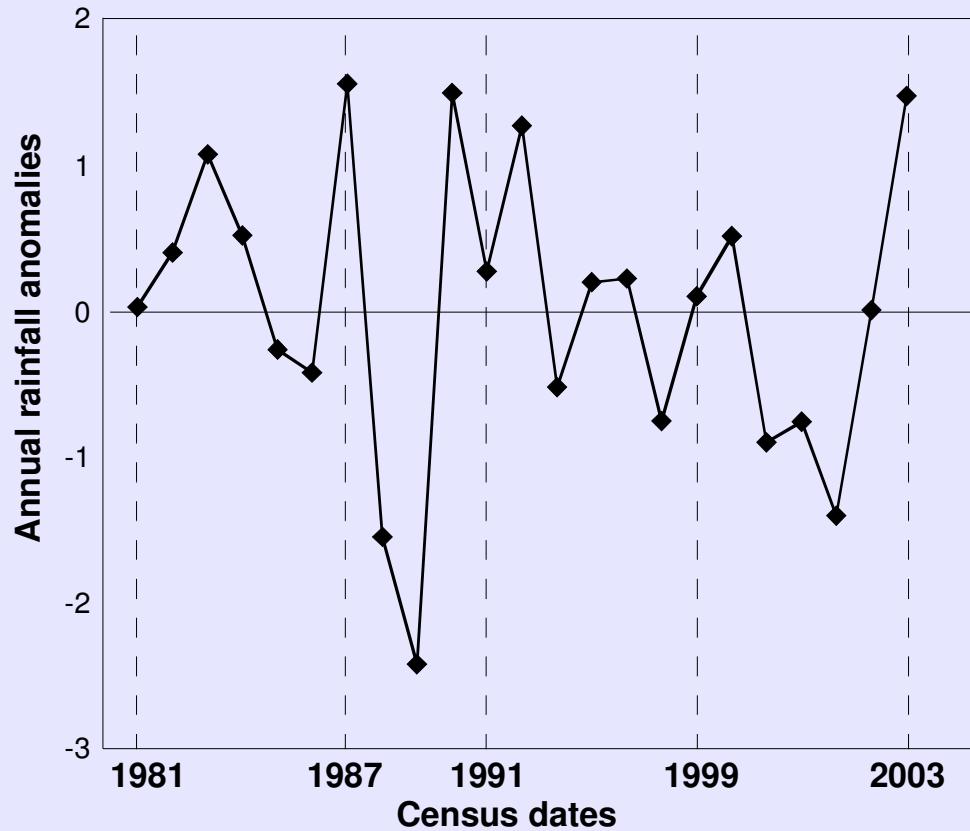


Basal area



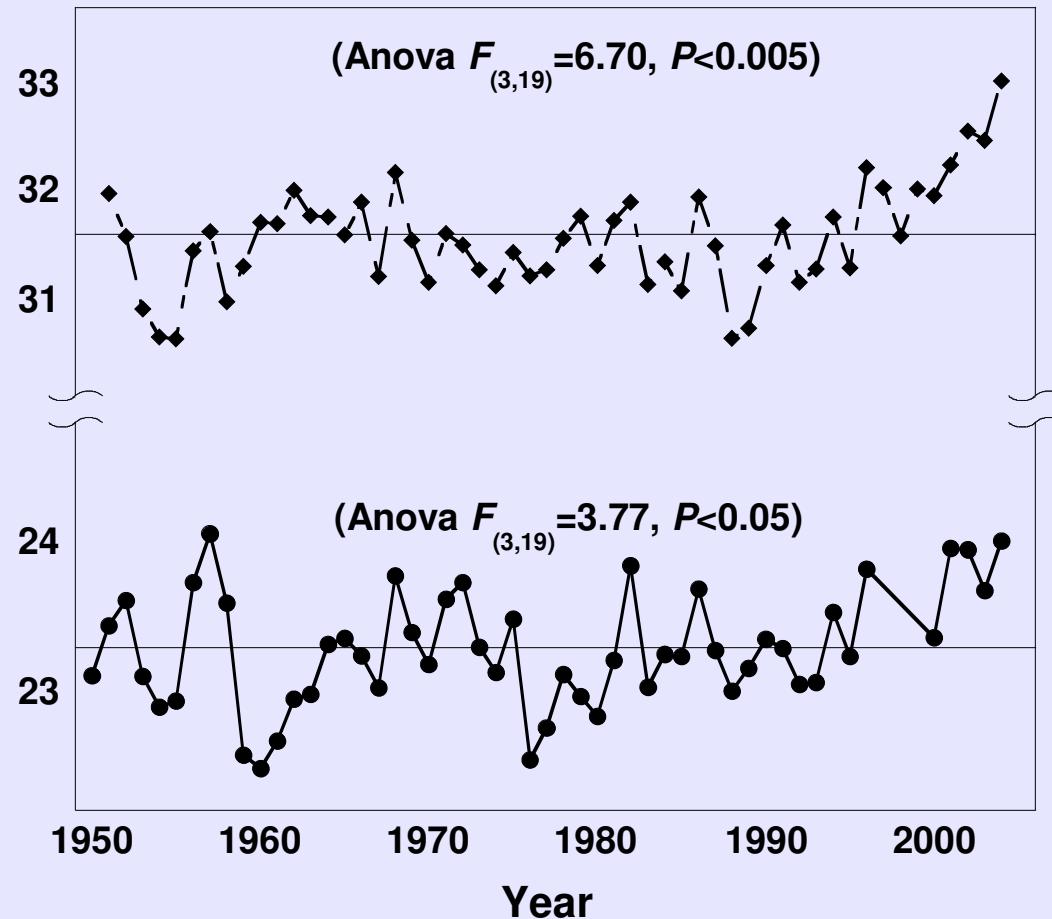
Climate factors: annual & unusual rainfall

Census interval 2 experiences significantly more unusual rainfall compared to intervals 1,3,& 4
(ANOVA $F_{(3,19)}=7.44$, $P<0.002$)



Climate factors: temperature

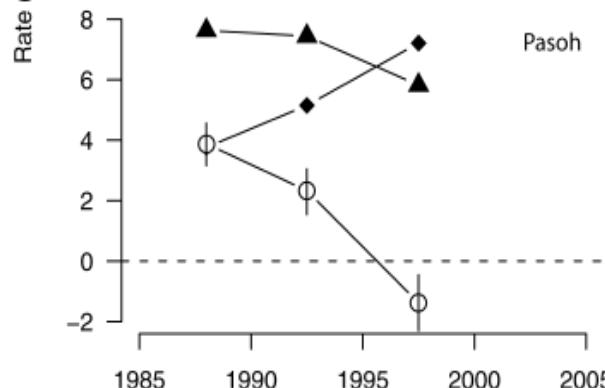
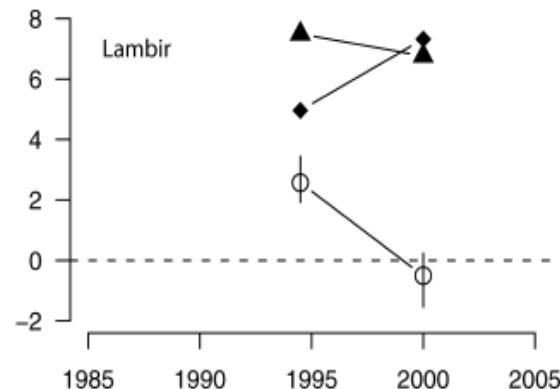
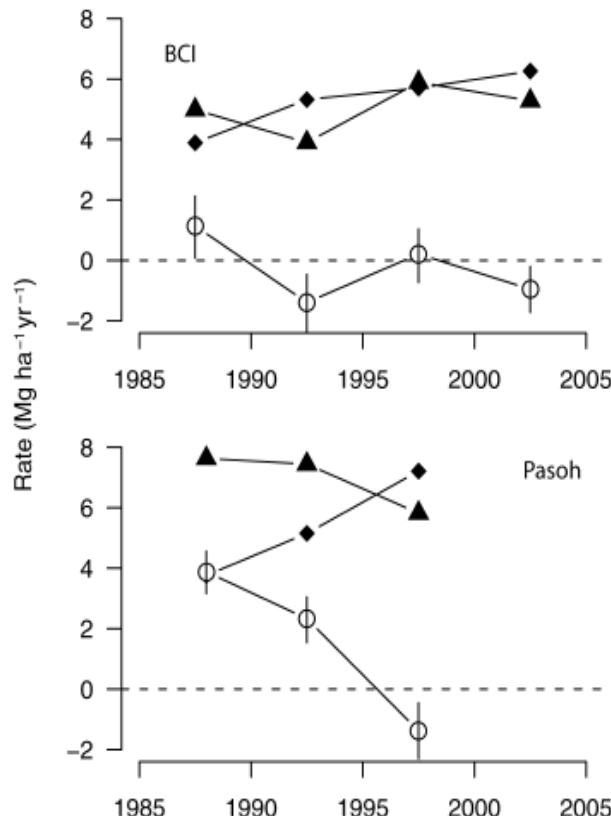
Annual maximum and minimum temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)



Significantly higher temperatures in the 4th census interval compared to other census intervals

Increase in biomass productivity?

▲ growth
◆ mortality
○ net



No

Chave et al. PLoS
Biol (2008)

Increase in fast-growing species?

Table 1. Stocks and Changes in Total Aboveground Biomass (AGB) and across Growth Groups for Ten Undisturbed Tropical Forest Plots

Site	AGB Mg ha ⁻¹	Growth Rate in Mg ha ⁻¹ y ⁻¹	Recruitment Loss			Net Biomass Change in Mg ha ⁻¹ y ⁻¹	Fast-Growing Group Change in % y ⁻¹	Slow-Growing Group Change in % y ⁻¹
			Rate in Mg ha ⁻¹ y ⁻¹	Rate in Mg ha ⁻¹ y ⁻¹	Rate in Mg ha ⁻¹ y ⁻¹			
BCI	306.5	5.01	0.033	5.29	-0.25 [-1.20,0.63]	-0.08 [-0.39,0.21]	0.27 [-0.39,0.88]	0.16 [-0.49,0.71]
Edoro	397.7	6.65	0.015	6.42	0.24 [-1.22,1.82]	0.06 [-0.31,0.46]	-0.06 [-1.13,0.84]	0.12 [-0.74,0.97]
Lenda	541.6	5.78	0.016	4.36	1.44 [0.17,2.63]	0.27 [0.03,0.49]	0.53 [-0.63,1.56]	0.37 [0.10,0.63]
HKK	211.2	3.56	0.058	3.85	-0.24 [-0.71,0.24]	-0.11 [-0.34,0.11]	-0.23 [-0.65,0.15]	0.18 [-0.55,0.69]
La Planada	177.6	4.75	0.091	3.57	1.27 [0.92,1.58]	0.72 [0.52,0.89]	0.37 [-0.18,0.92]	1.44 [1.11,1.74]
Lambir	497.2	7.13	0.041	6.14	1.03 [0.19,1.84]	0.21 [0.04,0.37]	0.16 [-0.25,0.51]	0.36 [0.10,0.58]
Palanan	290.1	4.80	0.102	4.69	0.21 [-1.24,1.53]	0.07 [-0.43,0.53]	0.36 [-0.48,1.14]	0.77 [0.22,1.24]
Pasoh	339.8	6.96	0.024	5.37	1.61 [0.80,2.39]	0.47 [0.24,0.70]	-0.16 [-0.82,0.43]	0.91 [0.61,1.19]
Sinharaja	357.9	7.40	0.028	8.41	-0.98 [-2.48,0.40]	-0.27 [-0.69,0.11]	1.73 [0.81,2.70]	-2.44 [-3.55,-1.47]
Yasuni	282.4	6.76	0.050	6.22	0.38 [-0.47,1.25]	0.13 [-0.17,0.44]	0.31 [-0.25,0.84]	0.20 [-0.43,0.64]
Average	340.3	5.87	0.046	5.44	0.47 [0.14,0.79]	0.15 [0.05,0.24]	0.33 [0.09,0.55]	0.21 [0.02,0.37]
Average (excluding Sinharaja)	338.4	5.70	0.050	5.11	0.63 [0.30,0.96]	0.19 [0.09,0.29]	0.17 [-0.08,0.40]	0.50 [0.32,0.65]
Luquillo ^a	276.09	6.65	0.080	10.78	-3.95 [-5.61,-2.92]	-1.43 [-2.03,-1.06]	-2.39 [-3.99,-0.61]	0.69 [0.17,1.26]
Mudumalai ^a	174.23	2.74	0.013	1.51	1.26 [0.97,1.49]	0.72 [0.55,0.86]	0.65 [0.40,0.90]	1.37 [0.77,1.98]

No, but an increase in slow-growing species

Tree-ring records and forest change

Scots pine in N. Finland

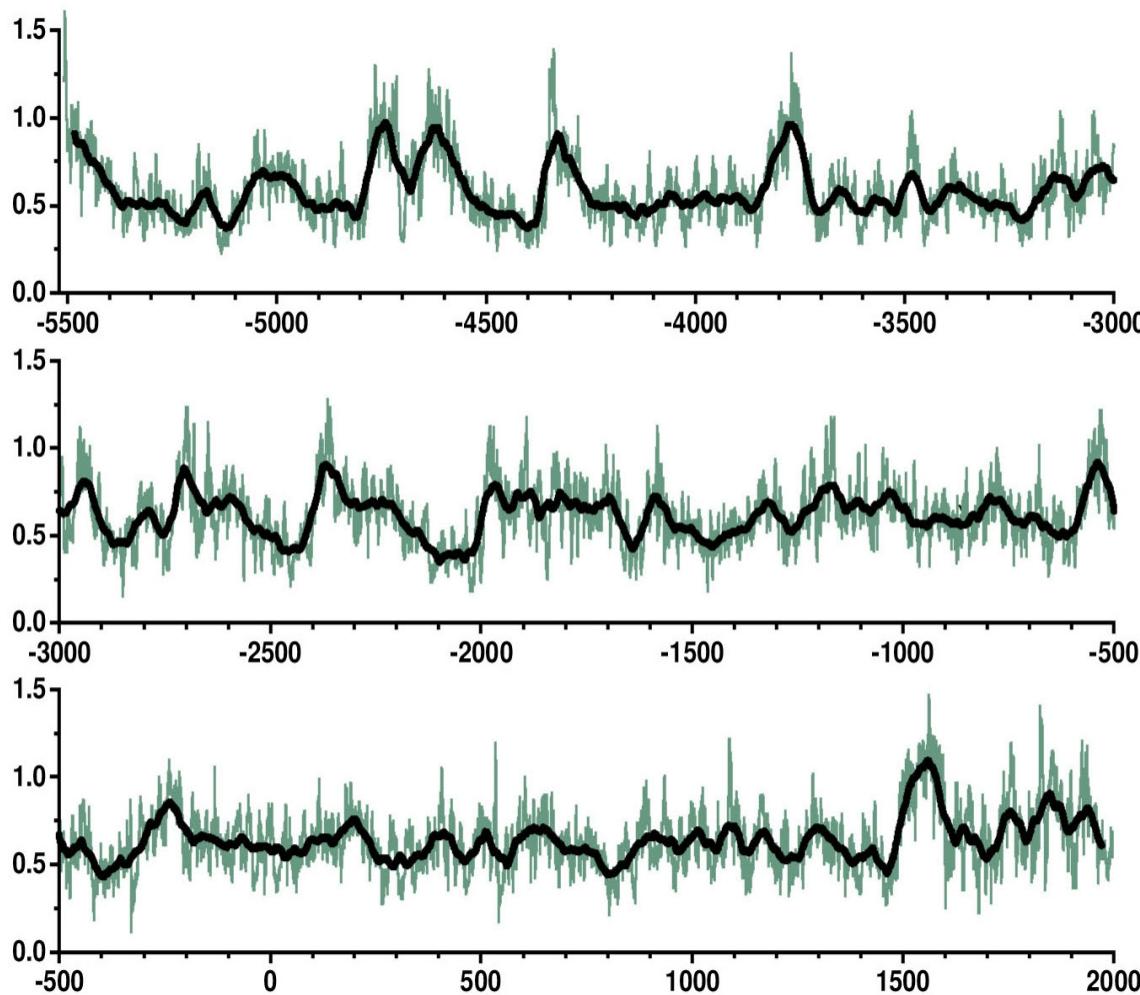


Figure 6 The mean raw data 7519-year Finnish Lapland pine tree-ring chronology, extending back to 5520 BC. The average ring width remains surprisingly constant at about 0.6 mm yr^{-1} throughout the whole length of the chronology. The thin line indicates annual ring-width variability (in mm) and the bold line 50-year running means.